14th Fiscal Period Semi-Annual Report

From: August 1, 2023 To: January 31, 2024

ESCON JAPAN REIT Investment Corporation

The Okura Prestige Tower 20F, 2-10-4 Toranomon, Minato-ku, Tokyo

To Our Unitholders

It is our sincere hope that this message finds all our unitholders well and prosperous.

My name is Tadashi Ebihara, and I was appointed the position of Executive Director at ESCON JAPAN REIT Investment Corporation (hereinafter, "ESCON REIT") on October 27, 2023. I will dedicate to achieve further growth and would like to ask you for the same support as you have given to my predecessor.

ESCON REIT was listed on the Tokyo Stock Exchange on February 13, 2019, as an REIT that primarily invests in lifestyle-focused commercial facilities that support the individual's affluent lifestyle. Thanks to the understanding and support of all our unitholders, ESCON REIT has been able to expand its' asset base.

On October 27, 2023, ESCON REIT changed the investment policy to expand its investment targets, and decided to invest primarily in commercial facilities, residences, and assets aimed at creating a sustainable society (collectively known as, "lifestyle-focused assets"), as assets that support the individuals' affluent lifestyles. Going forward, ESCON REIT will aim to achieve steady growth in assets under management and maximize unitholder value through the investment in and management of these lifestyle-focused assets, with the cooperation of its sponsor, ES-CON JAPAN Ltd. (hereinafter, "ES-CON JAPAN") and its support company, Chubu Electric Power Co., Inc. (hereinafter, the "Chubu Electric Power"). ESCON REIT will utilize the unique network of ES-CON ASSET MANAGEMENT Ltd. (hereinafter, the "Asset Manager") which is the asset management company of ESCON REIT. ESCON REIT will also ensure that the operations of the lifestyle-focused assets are handled fairly and appropriately by ESCON REIT and Asset Manager.

Therefore, we would appreciate the continued support and encouragement from our unitholders and other stakeholders.

I Asset Management Report

Overview of Asset Management

1. Trends in ESCON REIT's Management Status

1. Irends in ESCON REIT's Management St	atus	10th fiscal			T	
Fiscal period	-		11th fiscal period From February 1, 2022 to July 31, 2022	12th fiscal period From August 1, 2022 to January 31, 2023	13th fiscal period From February 1, 2023 to July 31, 2023	14th fiscal period From August 1, 2023 to January 31, 2024
Operating revenues	Million yen	2,476	2,706	2,541	2,497	2,444
which consists of real estate lease revenues	Million yen	2,476	2,706	2,541	2,497	2,444
Operating expenses	Million yen	970	1,324	1,178	1,242	1,169
which consists of real estate lease expenses	Million yen	794	1,118	969	1,034	947
Operating income	Million yen	1,506	1,382	1,362	1,255	1,274
Ordinary income	Million yen	1,265	1,269	1,194	1,140	1,136
Net income	Million yen	1,264	1,268	1,859	1,139	1,135
Total assets	Million yen	75,840	76,014	76,300	75,595	75,530
Period-on- period changes	%	35.3	0.2	0.4	(0.9)	(0.1)
Net assets	Million yen	39,371	39,375	39,966	39,247	39,243
Period-on- period changes	%	33.7	0.0	1.5	(1.8)	(0.0)
Interest-bearing debt	Million yen	33,445	33,091	33,091	33,091	33,091
Total amount of investment	Million yen	38,107	38,107	38,107	38,107	38,107
Total number of investment units issued and outstanding	Units	351,967	351,967	351,967	351,967	351,967
Net assets per unit ^{*3}	Yen	111,862	111,873	113,552	111,507	111,497
Net income per unit ^{*1}	Yen	3,601	3,604	5,283	3,239	3,227
Total distributions	Million yen	1,264	1,268	1,859	1,139	1,135
Distribution per unit	Yen	3,593	3,604	5,283	3,238	3,227
which consists of earnings distribution per unit	Yen	3,593	3,604	5,283	3,238	3,227
which consists of distribution in excess of earnings per unit	Yen	-	-	-	-	-
Ordinary income to total assets ratio* ³	%	1.9	1.7	1.6	1.5	1.5
Annualized	%	3.8	3.4	3.1	3.0	3.0
Return on equity ^{*3}	%	3.7	3.2	4.7	2.9	2.9
Annualized	%	7.3	6.5	9.3	5.8	5.7
Equity ratio*3	%	51.9	51.8	52.4	51.9	52.0
Period-on- period changes		(0.6)	(0.1)	0.6	(0.5)	0.0
Payout ratio ^{*3}	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
[Other reference information]						
Days of operation	Days	184	181	184	181	184
Number of investment properties at end of period	Properties	38	38	38	38	38
Depreciation	Million yen	174	175	179	183	187
Capital expenditures	Million yen	27	127	104	101	73
Lease NOI (Net Operating Income) * ³	Million yen	1,856	1,763	1,751	1,646	1,684

FFO (Funds from Operations) * ³	Million yen	1,439	1,443	1,373	1,323	1,323
FFO per unit ^{*3}	Yen	4,088	4,102	3,901	3,759	3,759
Loan to Value (LTV) at end of period* ³	%	44.1	43.5	43.4	43.8	43.8

*1 "Net income per unit" is the amount obtained by dividing net income by the weighted average number of investment units based on the number of days and rounding to the nearest whole number.
*2 Unless otherwise stated, all figures are truncated, and percentages are rounded to the nearest first decimal place.
*3 Calculations are based on the following formulas:

Net assets per unit	Net assets / Total number of investment units issued and outstanding
Ordinary income to total assets ratio	Ordinary income / {(Total assets at beginning of period + Total assets at end of period) / 2} × 100
Return on equity	Net income / {(Net assets at beginning of period + Net assets at end of period) / 2} × 100
Equity ratio	Net assets at end of period / Total assets at end of period \times 100
Payout ratio	Distribution per unit (excluding distribution in excess of earnings) / Net income per unit × 100 The payout ratios for the 10th fiscal periods are calculated based on the following formula, as the number of investment units changed due to the capital increase during those periods. Total distributions (excluding distributions in excess of earnings) / Net income × 100
Lease NOI (Net Operating Income)	Real estate lease revenues - Real estate lease expenses + Depreciation
FFO (Funds from Operation)	Net income + Depreciation - Gain/loss on sales of real estate In the 12th fiscal period, ESCON REIT received compensation for damages from the Asset Manager due to the Asset Manager's breach of fiduciary duty of loyalty, and such compensation for damages received was recorded as extraordinary income, which is calculated by the following formula. Net income + Depreciation - gain or loss on sale of real estate - Compensation for damages received
FFO per unit	FFO / Total number of investment units issued and outstanding
Loan to Value (LTV) at end of period	Balance of interest-bearing debt at end of period / Total assets at end of period $\times 100$

- 2. Status in Asset Management during the Current Fiscal Period
- (1) Brief background of the REIT

ESCON REIT was established on August 26, 2016, with the Asset Manager as the organizer, based on the Act on Investment Trusts and Investment Corporations (Act No. 198 of 1951, as amended; hereinafter the "Investment Trust Act"), and listed on the Real Estate Investment Trust Securities Market of Tokyo Stock Exchange, Inc. (hereinafter the "Tokyo Stock Exchange") on February 13, 2019 (securities code: 2971). ESCON REIT has built a portfolio prioritizing in investments of lifestyle-focused commercial facilities^{*1} rooted in local communities in the major metropolitan areas and its leasehold land^{*2} where the population is expected to be concentrated.

ESCON REIT believes that, as the population declines and the people in the major metropolitan areas are continued to be more concentrated, the demand to live in highly convenient major cities or areas with easy access to large cities will remain stable. ESCON REIT also believes that in order to support affluent lifestyles for people living in these areas, ESCON REIT requires "Residence"^{*3} and assets aimed at creating a sustainable society, which is expected to solve diverse social issues in everyday life that affect local communities, such as declining birth rates, aging populations, environmental and energy issues, labor and education issues, and problems wrought by natural disasters, in addition to the commercial facilities^{*4} and leasehold land. At the general meeting of unitholders held on October 27, 2023, these assets were presented and defined as "lifestyle-focused assets"^{*5}, and the investment policy was changed by expanding the investment target to lifestyle-focused assets located mainly in the five major metropolitan areas^{*6}.

Based on the investment policy described above, ESCON REIT aim to maximize unitholder value through consistently expanding our assets under management. ESCON REIT now owns 38 properties with a total acquisition price of 69,604 million yen as of the end of the current fiscal period.

*1. A "lifestyle-focused commercial facility" refers to a commercial facility supplying goods and services needed for daily life that is directly connected to a railway station or located in a densely populated area or on an arterial road or in other areas of daily life. The same applies hereinafter.

*2. "Leasehold Land" refers to land leased by a third party on which a building is owned by the said third party. The same applies hereinafter.

*3. "Residence" refers to real estate in which the floor area of each use of the building has the largest floor area devoted for residential use (however, assets aimed at creating a sustainable society are excluded). The same applies hereinafter.

*4. "Commercial Facility" refers to real estate occupied mainly by commercial tenants, such as retailers, restaurants, cafes, service providers and amusement facility operators, in which for each floor in the building the largest floor space is devoted for commercial tenant use.

*5. "Lifestyle-focused assets" refers to commercial facilities, residences, and assets aimed at creating a sustainable society, and leasehold land.

*6. The "Five Major Metropolitan Areas" refers to the Hokkaido region, the Tokyo Metropolitan Area, the Chubu region, the Kinki region and the Kyushu region. The Hokkaido region refers to Hokkaido prefecture, the Tokyo Metropolitan Area refers to Tokyo, Kanagawa, Saitama, Chiba, Ibaraki, Tochigi and Gunma Prefectures, the Chubu region refers to Aichi, Shizuoka, Mie, Nagano and Gifu Prefectures, the Kinki region refers to Osaka, Kyoto, Hyogo, Nara and Shiga Prefectures and the Kyushu region refers to Fukuoka, Kumamoto, Kagoshima, Miyazaki, Oita, Saga and Nagasaki Prefectures. The same applies hereinafter.

(2) Operating environment and Management performance

During the current fiscal period, the Japanese economy has begun normalizing in terms of socioeconomic activities with the lifting of restrictions imposed by the COVID-19 pandemic, and the real GDP growth rate for the October to December 2023 period (second preliminary report) has shown signs of recovery at 0.1% (annualized 0.4%).

The economy is at a temporary standstill with low personal consumption due to nominal wage increases not keeping up with the pace of price hikes, which has resulted in restrained spending on dining out and clothing. On a positive note, the consumption demand from inbound tourists remains high, and wage increases exceeding those of the previous year are expected during the spring wage negotiations of 2024, leading to an anticipated shift back toward gradual recovery. The risk of a downturn in the global economy due to the impact of global financial tightening and concerns over the future of the Chinese economy among other factors requires attention, necessitating close monitoring of future price hikes, the situation in the Middle East, and fluctuations in the financial and capital markets.

With the gradual economic recovery and low interest rate financial markets, and the end of the negative interest rate policy being postponed, the real estate investment market has continued to see strong interest in acquisition among investors despite different views of certain asset types and areas in the market being overheated.

While ESCON REIT has not bought or sold new properties under the current market conditions, we continue to focus on building an environment that will satisfy both tenants and customers visiting our commercial facilities. We are implementing proper asset management and revenue-enhancement measures by proactively attracting tenants to vacant properties, replacing tenants when leases expire, and holding events in line with the current trends at our facilities, in an effort to ensure stable earnings.

As a result of the measures described above, the occupancy rate for the 38 assets under management as of the end of the current fiscal period came at $99.3\%^{*1}$. For the third floor of Yoshizuya Y Store Nishiharu, which remained vacant at end of the fiscal period, we will continue to focus in leasing out the space. The rent per tsubo for the floor area will increase as tenants occupy the space.

In the October 2023 GRESB Real Estate Assessment report, ESCON REIT received a "1 Star" GRESB Rating based on the "GRESB Overall Score" and a top quintile rating including global participants. ESCO REIT also obtained a "Green Star" designation for the third year in a row by achieving high performances in the "Management Component" that evaluates 3 policies and organizational structure for ESG promotion, and "Performance Component" that assesses environmental performance and tenant engagement of owned properties. ESG initiatives have been recognized in increasing unitholders' value, and ESCON REIT and the Asset Manager continue to promote efforts to reduce the impact on the environment and revitalize the local communities.

*1. The occupancy rate is calculated by the calculation formula below based on data as of the end of the fiscal period and rounded off to the nearest first decimal place.

Occupancy rate = Leased area / Leasable area *100

Yoshizuya Y Store Nishiharu consists of a commercial building and a residential building. The commercial building is subleased to YOSHIZUYA COMPANY LIMITED by master lessee ES-CON JAPAN, and the occupancy rate is calculated including the "leased area" on the third floor, which was vacant as of the end of the fiscal period. Taking into account the fact that the floor is vacant, the occupancy rate after deducting the "leased area" would be 98.2%.

(3) Procurement of funds

During the current fiscal period, in order to refinance 4,610 million yen in loans maturing on January 31, 2024, we borrowed the same amount of 4,610 million yen on the same date. In addition, an interest rate swap transaction was entered to fix interest rate payments and hedge interest rate fluctuation risks pertaining to the long-term borrowings (1,876 million yen). The balance of interest-bearing debt as of the end of the current fiscal period became 33,091 million yen, and the ratio of interest-bearing debt to total assets (hereinafter, "LTV") became 43.8%.

ESCON REIT received an issuer rating of "A-" (Stable) from Rating and Investment Information, Inc.(R&I). ESCON REIT shall aim to improve further credibility while maintaining the flexibility of fund procurement and stable financial management.

(4) Performance and distributions

Based on the management actions described above, ESCON REIT posted operating revenue of 2,444 million yen, operating income of 1,274 million yen, ordinary income of 1,136 million yen and net income of 1,135 million yen for the current fiscal period.

For distributions, ESCON REIT decided to distribute an amount of 1,135 million yen as an earnings distribution, which is approximates the full revenue stipulated in Article 136, Paragraph 1 of the Investment Trust Act by applying the special measure of taxation for investment corporations (Article 67-15, Paragraph 1 of the Act on Special Measures Concerning Taxation (Act No. 26 of 1957, as amended) in accordance with the distribution policy set forth in the Articles of Incorporation of ESCON REIT. As a result, distribution per investment unit amounted to 3,227 yen.

(5) Governance Structure of ESCON REIT and the Asset Manager

The Company received an administrative disposition from the Financial Services Agency on July 15, 2022, and the Asset Manager implemented various measures and established a governance structure for the management of ESCON REIT. At the end of the previous fiscal period, the administrative disposition against the Asset Manager was lifted.

Specifically, the Asset Manager implemented the following initiatives, announcement of the "Compliance Declaration", establishment of "Management Philosophy", change in decision-making process for property acquisitions to strengthen governance structure, acceptance of dispatched director from Chubu Electric Power, change to the ordering work rules of real estate appraisal services, improving the various regulations and the manuals, strengthen monitoring of operations for the ordering of real estate appraisals by the Compliance Department, training and awareness-raising for ongoing improvement of the conflict-of-interest management system.

With the appointment of a new executive director who has no relationship of special interest with ESCON REIT and the appointment of the Asset Manager at the general meeting of unitholders held on October 27, 2023, the Board of Directors of ESCON REIT is now composed of one executive director and two supervisory directors who have no relationship of special interest with the Asset Manager.

ESCON REIT and the Asset Manager will continue to maintain and actively improve the governance structure described above, ensure the operational integrity of ESCON REITe structure.

3. Capital Increase

Changes for the past five years in the Unitholders' capital and the total number of issued and outstanding investment units for ESCON REIT through January 31, 2024 are as follows:

Date	Summary		of investment units outstanding (units)	Unithe (M	Remarks	
Duit	Summary	Increase (decrease)	Balance	Increase (decrease)	Balance	Remarks
February 12, 2019	Capital increase through public offering	188,351	237,000	18,319	22,941	*1
February 3, 2020	Capital increase through public offering	43,792	280,792	5,236	28,177	*2
February 26, 2020	Capital increase through third-party allotment	2,190	282,982	261	28,439	*3
August 2, 2021	Capital increase through public offering	65,700	348,682	9,207	37,646	*4
August 24, 2021	Capital increase through third-party allotment	3,285	351,967	460	38,107	*5

*1. ESCON REIT issued new investment units through a public offering with the offer price per unit of 101,000 yen per unit (issue price of 97,263 yen) for the purpose of raising funds to acquire specified assets.

- *2. ESCON REIT issued new investment units through a public offering with offer price per unit 124,029 yen (issue price of 119,576 yen) for the purpose of raising funds to acquire specified assets.
- *3. ESCON REIT issued new investment units through a third-party allotment with issue price per unit 119,576 yen, for the purpose of raising funds for the future acquisition of specific assets or repayment of loans.
- *4. ESCON REIT issued new investment units through a public offering with offer price per unit 145,282 yen (issue price of 140,141 yen) for the purpose of raising funds to acquire specified assets.
- *5. ESCON REIT issued new investment units through a third-party allotment with issue price per unit 140,141 yen, for the purpose of raising funds for the future acquisition of specific assets or repayment of loans.

<Changes in exchange prices for investment securities>

The following table shows the highest and lowest prices (closing prices) by fiscal period on the Real Estate Investment Trust Securities Market of the Tokyo Stock Exchange, where ESCON REIT's investment securities are listed.

Fiscal period	10th fiscal period	11th fiscal period	12th fiscal period	13th fiscal period	14th fiscal period
End of period	January 2022	July 2022	January 2023	July 2023	January 2024
Highest (Yen)	150,500	137,500	121,800	122,400	122,500
Lowest (Yen)	134,200	112,800	107,600	103,100	113,300

4. Distributions

During the current fiscal period, ESCON REIT decided to distribute a substantial amount of unappropriated retained earnings of 1,136 million yen in accordance with the distribution policy stipulated in the Articles of Incorporation of ESCON REIT. As a result, distribution per investment unit amounted to 3,227 yen.

Fiscal period	10th fiscal period From August 1, 2021 to January 31, 2022	11th fiscal period From February 1, 2022 to July 31, 2022	12th fiscal period From August 1, 2022 to January 31, 2023	13th fiscal period From February 1, 2023 to July 31, 2023	14th fiscal period From August 1, 2023 to January 31, 2024
Total amount of unappropriated retained earnings (Thousand yen)	1,264,747	1,268,499	1,859,465	1,139,874	1,136,067
Retained earnings brought forward (Thousand yen)	130	10	24	205	270
Total cash distributions (Thousand yen)	1,264,617	1,268,489	1,859,441	1,139,669	1,135,797
Distribution per unit (Yen)	3,593	3,604	5,283	3,238	3,227
Consisting of total earnings distributions (Thousand yen)	1,264,617	1,268,489	1,859,441	1,139,669	1,135,797
Earnings distribution per unit (Yen)	3,593	3,604	5,283	3,238	3,227
Consisting of total contribution refunds (Thousand yen)	-	_	_	-	-
Contribution refund per unit (Yen)	-	-	-	-	-
Total distributions from allowance for temporary difference adjustments out of total contribution refunds (Thousand yen)	-	-	-	-	-
Distribution from allowance for temporary difference adjustments per unit out of per- unit contribution refund (Yen)	-	-	-	-	-
Total distributions from capital reduction for tax purposes out of total contribution refunds (Thousand yen)	-	-	-	-	-
Distribution from capital reduction for tax purposes per unit out of per-unit contribution refund (Yen)	-	-	-	-	-

5. Future Management Policies and Issues to be Addressed

(1) Outlook for the overall management environment

Individual consumption and capital investments have rebounded after the easing of regulations caused by the COVID-19.

Despite the decline in purchasing power due to price hikes, and supply constraints due to a shortage of workers, the current economic situation is expected to improve from the continued inbound demand, improved corporate earnings, especially among large entities, and an improving stock market.

However, the impact of price hikes, especially real estate prices, interest rates, and exchange rate fluctuations will continuously need to be monitored.

Under these circumstances, ESCON REIT will acquire and properly manage assets closely related to lifestyles and ensure stable and sound financial operations are in place to secure strong revenues and steadily increase asset values over the medium to long term.

(2) Internal growth in pursuit of potential lease revenue growth

ESCON REIT conducts satisfaction surveys to improve operations for facility users and tenant companies may comfortably use our facilities. We will plan and execute strategies aimed at improving the convenience and frequency of facility use and increase the recognition of properties and areas to achieve steady internal growth for our assets.

a. Initiatives to improve lease revenue

ESCON REIT aims to maintain and improve lease revenue for its entire portfolio by implementing appropriate operational measures for each held asset, including early and optimal tenant attraction considering the rental market and overall tenant composition, and hosting events to increase foot traffic. In addition, ESCON REIT will regularly review maintenance and management expenses related to rental management, and initiatives to improve tenant and customer satisfaction.

b. Initiatives to increase asset value

ESCON REIT considers asset depreciation an issue when holding assets over the medium to long term due to the aging of owned assets, a characteristic of region and location and customer demand. In addition to the routine cleaning and equipment maintenance, ESCON REIT aims to increase asset value by improving property competitiveness through repairs and renovations based on long-term repair plans, rebuilding and renovating assets in partnership with sponsors, and branding of assets held.

(3) External growth pursuing portfolio stability and growth potential

ESCON REIT will use its strong sponsor pipeline, including granting preferential negotiation rights related to owned real estate properties and support for the redevelopment of properties based on the real estate development capabilities of ES-CON JAPAN a comprehensive developer^{*1}, as well as thoroughly managing conflicts of interest to environmentally friendly technologies and know-how on energy cost reduction through their partnership with the Chubu Electric Power Group. (Chubu Electric Power and its subsidiaries and affiliates, excluding ES-CON JAPAN and its subsidiaries and affiliates, the same applies hereinafter.). The Asset Manager also established an Investment Marketing Department on June 14, 2023, aimed at enhancing its unique property acquisition routes to actively acquire high-quality properties from third parties by continuously acquiring outside information on property in addition to information from our sponsors ES-CON JAPAN and Chubu Electric Power Group, aiming to expand ESCON REIT's asset size, improve the quality of our portfolio, and achieve steady external growth.

*1 As used in this document, a "Comprehensive developer" means a developer that engages in a wide range of real estate development projects, such as condominiums, detached houses, commercial facilities, hotels, and logistics facilities; in other words, a developer that engages in development efforts comprehensively as a business.

(4) Financial policy

ESCON REIT will raise funds to achieve stable and sound financial operations for the purpose of securing stable revenues and steadily improving the asset value over the medium to long term.

The issuance of new investment units will be determined based on the assessment of the current financial environment, taking into consideration the LTV, the dilution of rights of the existing unitholders and the potential decline in the transaction price of investment units, with the aim of expanding the scale of assets under management and improving their profitability.

When making loans and issuing investment corporation bonds (including short-term investment corporation bonds), ESCON REIT will raise funds in consideration of the balance between the mobility of financing and financial stability as well as the characteristics of acquired real estates. Specifically, we will examine the financing methods (loans, investment corporate bonds), the ratio of long-term debt, ratio of loans with fixed interest rates, the diversification of repayment dates and the need to provide security, among others.

For the LTV, we will set 50% as the upper limit, in principle, based on our policy of maintaining a conservative threshold.

We will also efficiently and appropriately manage cash by accurately assessing the financing needs of our portfolio through constant monitoring.

6. Significant subsequent events

Not applicable.

Overview of ESCON REIT

1. Investment Status

	10th fiscal period ended January 31, 2022	1	12th fiscal period ended January 31, 2023	13th fiscal period ended July 31, 2023	14th fiscal period ended January 31, 2024
Total number of investment units authorized (units)	10,000,000	10,000,000	10,000,000	10,000,000	10,000,000
Total number of investment units issued and outstanding (units)	351,967	351,967	351,967	351,967	351,967
Total amount of investment (Million yen)	38,107	38,107	38,107	38,107	38,107
Number of unitholders (people)	13,493	14,639	15,754	16,336	16,385

2. Matters Concerning Investment Units

The major unitholders as of January 31, 2024 are as follows:

Company name	Number of investment units held (units)	Ratio to total number of investment units issued and outstanding (%) *
Custody Bank of Japan, Ltd. (Trust Account)	31,252	8.9
The Master Trust Bank of Japan, Ltd. (Trust Account)	30,789	8.7
Osaka Co-sei Shinkin Bank	20,940	5.9
ES-CON JAPAN Ltd.	16,894	4.8
The Nomura Trust and Banking Co., Ltd. (Investment Trust Account)	13,066	3.7
Daido Shinkumi Bank	6,415	1.8
Kinkisangyo Shinkumi Bank	6,226	1.8
Osaka Shoko Shinkin Bank	5,487	1.6
THE SAIKYO BANK, LTD.	4,950	1.4
SSBTC CLIENT OMNIBUS ACCOUNT	4,038	1.1
Total	140,057	39.8

* The "ratio to total number of investment units issued and outstanding" is rounded to the nearest first decimal place.

3. Matters Concerning Officers

(1) The Executive Director, Supervisory Director and Accounting Auditor for the current fiscal period are as follows:

Title	Name	Major concurrent posi	Total remuneration for each officer during the current fiscal period (Thousand yen) ^{*3*4}	
Executive	Tadashi		President &	
Director*1	Ebihara ^{*2}	Tower Management Co., Ltd.	Representative	1,600
Director	Lomara		Director	
		JBA Holdings Co., Ltd.	Director	
	Supervisory Satoshi Ugajin	Scala Inc.	Outside Director	
			President and	
Supervisory		JBA HR Solution Co., Ltd.	Representative	
Director*1	Butobin Ogujin		Director	2,900
Director			President and	
		JBA Financial Advisory Co., Ltd.	Representative	
			Director	
	Rin Moriguchi	Momo-o, Matsuo & Namba Law Firm	Partner Attorney	
Audit Firm	BDO Sanyu &	_		9,800
	Co.			9,000

- *1 The Executive Director and the Supervisory Director does not own investment units of ESCON REIT in their own name, or in the name of others. In addition, the Supervisory Directors may be directors of corporations other than those listed above, but none of them, including those listed above, have any interest in ESCON REIT.
- *2 Atsumu Sasaki resigned as Executive Director of ESCON REIT at the conclusion of the 7th General Meeting of Unitholders on October 27, 2023. Tadashi Ebihara was appointed as an executive director of ESCON REIT at the conclusion of the general meeting of unitholders.
- *3 The former executive director Atsumu Sasaki did not receive any remuneration from ESCON REIT during the current fiscal period. For supervisory directors, the amounts paid for the current fiscal period, and for the fees paid to the audit firm, the amounts to be paid for the financial statement audit during the current fiscal period (estimated amount) have been disclosed.
- *4 Fees paid to the audit firm includes remuneration for auditing the English version of the financial statements. Additional fees were not paid to other accounting firms in the same network.

(2) Policy on dismissal and non-reappointment of audit firm.

The dismissal of the audit firm shall be made in accordance with the provisions of the Investment Trust Act, and the nonreappointment of the audit firm shall be considered at a meeting of the Board of Directors of ESCON REIT, comprehensively considering the quality of the audit, audit fees, and other various circumstances.

4. Matters Concerning Liability insurance policies for directors and officers

Liability insurance policies for directors and officers that ESCON REIT has in place are as follows:

Scope of the Insured	Summary of Contract
Persons	
All executive and supervisory directors	<summary accidents="" by="" covered="" insurance="" of=""> ESCON REIT has entered into a liability insurance policy for directors and officers with an insurance company as stipulated in Article 116-3, Paragraph 1 of the Investment Trust Law, and the policy will cover certain damages to be borne by the insured person due to claims for damages arising from actions taken by the insured person based on his or her role as a director of ESCON REIT. <premium contribution="" ratio=""> The premiums for all insured persons are fully paid by ESCON REIT. <measures appropriate="" compromised="" duties="" ensure="" execution="" is="" not="" of="" that="" the="" to=""> Damages incurred by the insured person due to breach of trust, criminal or fraudulent acts, or acts committed with knowledge of violation of laws and regulations are not covered.</measures></premium></summary>

5.Asset Management Company, Asset Custodian, and Administrative Agents

As of January 31, 2024, the Asset Management Company, Asset Custodian, and Administrative Agents for ESCON REIT are as follows:

Classification	Company name
Asset Management Company	ES-CON ASSET MANAGEMENT Ltd.
Asset Custodian	Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Ltd.
Administrative Agent (Administrator of the Investors' Registry)	Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Ltd.
Administrative Agent (Institutional Management)	Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Ltd.
Administrative Agent (Accounting Services)	Tokyo Kyodo Accounting Office Co., Ltd.

Status of Portfolio Assets

1. Composition of Assets

Assat type	Region ^{*1}		fiscal period July 31, 2023	14 th fiscal period As of January 31, 2024	
Asset type	Region -	Total holdings (Million yen) * ²	Ratio to total assets (%) $*_3$	Total holdings (Million yen) * ²	Ratio to total assets (%) *3
Real estate	Chubu region	6	0.0	5	0.0
Tota	al real estate	6	0.0	5	0.0
Hokkaido region		1,310	1.7	1,310	1.7
	Tokyo metropolitan area	7,744	10.2	7,729	10.2
Deel estate in tract	Chubu region	5,030	6.7	5,000	6.6
Real estate in trust	Kinki region	34,308	45.4	34,267	45.4
	Kyushu region	15,140	20.0	15,132	20.0
	Other areas	6,044	8.0	6,024	8.0
Total real estate in trust		69,579	92.0	69,465	92.0
Deposits and other assets		6,010	8.0	6,060	8.0
T	otal assets	75,595	100.0	75,530	100.0

*1 From the current fiscal period, "Region" is described in accordance with the contents of "Overview of Asset Management 2. Status in Asset Management during the Current Fiscal Period (1) Brief background of the REIT *6".

*2 "Total holdings" is based on the balance sheet amount as of the end of each fiscal period, truncated to the nearest million yen.

*3 The "Ratio to total assets" is rounded to the nearest first decimal place.

2. Major Assets

The following is a summary of the major assets (top 10 properties by book value) held by ESCON REIT as of January 31, 2024:

Property number	Property name	Book value (Million yen) *1	Leasable area (m ²) * ²	Leased area (m ²) * ²	Occupancy rate (%) * ³	Ratio to total real estate leasing revenue (%)	Primary use
16101	tonarie Minami-senri	7,295	7,594.00	7,471.45	98.4	13.4	Commercial facility
16104	tonarie Toga•Mikita	6,834	8,471.24	8,471.24	100.0	10.6	Commercial facility
18101	SUROY Mall Nagamine	4,595	12,622.98	12,622.98	100.0	7.6	Commercial facility
15101	Yoshizuya Y Store Nishiharu	4,522	26,432.58	26,366.38	99.7	4.7	Commercial facility
16103	tonarie Yamatotakada (50% ownership)	4,042	14,414.75	14,414.75	100.0	7.3	Commercial facility
19101	Fuji Grand Natalie	3,888	28,543.96	28,543.96	100.0	Not disclosed *4	Commercial facility
18201	MrMax Kasuga (Leasehold land)	3,428	38,113.27	38,113.27	100.0	3.5	Commercial facility
16102	tonarie Seiwadai	3,175	8,798.01	8,798.01	100.0	7.0	Commercial facility
	Asumigaoka Brand-New Mall		22,516.59	19,767.24	87.8		Commercial
13101	Asumigaoka Brand-New Mall (Leasehold land)	3,161	2,672.67	2,672.67	100.0	10.1	facility
16205	LIFE Daisen Store (Leasehold land)	2,758	9,264.48	9,264.48	100.0	2.9	Commercial facility
	Total	43,703	179,444.53	176,506.43	98.4	-	

*1 The "Book Value" is truncated to the stated value. The same applies hereinafter.

In addition, the Leased Area for assets for which a master lease agreement has been concluded is the total area that has been leased to end tenants with sublease agreements. For the "Fuji Grand Natalie" facility, Fuji Corporation has entered into a lease agreement for the whole building and is covered by the "leased area". The amounts are rounded off to the second decimal point. Although ESCON REIT owns a 50% quasi-co-ownership interest in the trust

^{*2 &}quot;Leasable area" is the total area considered available for lease in the acquired assets (if the acquired asset is leasehold lands, such lands) as of January 31, 2024 based on the various lease agreements, reports prepared by property management companies, or building plans. The Leasable area for Yoshizuya Y Store Nishiharu is based on the lease property layout document, "Leased area" represents total leasable area, which is disclosed in each lease agreement as of the closing date.

beneficiary rights for tonarie Yamatotakada, the above table shows the figures for the entire properties.

*3 The occupancy rate is calculated by the calculation formula below based on data as of the closing date and rounded off to the nearest first decimal place. Occupancy rate = Leased area / Leasable area × 100

Yoshizuya Y Store Nishiharu consists of a commercial building and a residential building. The commercial building is subleased to YOSHIZUYA COMPANY LIMITED by master lessee ES-CON JAPAN, and the leased area in the table above includes the 4,485.14 m² leased area on the third floor, which was vacant as of the end of the fiscal period.

For the third floor, a fixed rent per tsubo will be added according to the contracted floor area as tenants move in, and considering the floor is vacant, the occupancy rate after deducting the leased area of the third floor is 82.8%. The overall occupancy rate after taking this into account would be 98.2%. *4 The figure is not disclosed as consent has not been obtained from the lessee or other parties.

3. Real Estate Assets in the Portfolio

The following is a summary of assets held by ESCON REIT as of January 31, 2024:

Property number	Property name	Location	Type of ownership *1	Book value (Million yen)	Appraisal value at end of period (Million yen) *2
11201	YAMADA DENKI Tecc Land Sapporo Shiroishi (Leasehold land)	Sapporo City, Hokkaido Prefecture	Trust beneficiary interests	1,310	1,330
	Asumigaoka Brand-New Mall		— 1 — 1		3,200
13101	Asumigaoka Brand-New Mall (Leasehold land) *3	Chiba City, Chiba Prefecture	Trust beneficiary interests	3,161	(1) 143 (2) 150
13102	Nishi-shiroi Ekimae Plaza	Shiroi City, Chiba Prefecture	Trust beneficiary interests	454	470
13201	K's Denki Oyumino (Leasehold land)	Chiba City, Chiba Prefecture	Trust beneficiary interests	2,737	2,890
13202	Nitori Tsuchiura (Leasehold land)	Tsuchiura City, Ibaraki Prefecture	Trust beneficiary interests	1,007	1,100
13203	Nitori Imaichi (Leasehold land)	Nikko City, Tochigi Prefecture	Trust beneficiary interests	368	410
15101	Yoshizuya Y Store Nishiharu *4	Kitanagoya City, Aichi Prefecture	Trust beneficiary interests and auxiliary facilities	4,522	2,260
15201	MaxValu Kikyougaoka-higashi (Leasehold land)	Nabari City, Mie Prefecture	Trust beneficiary interests	483	542
16101	tonarie Minami-senri	Suita City, Osaka Prefecture	Trust beneficiary interests	7,295	8,170
16102	tonarie Seiwadai	Kawanishi City, Hyogo Prefecture	Trust beneficiary interests	3,175	3,350
16103	tonarie Yamatotakada (50% ownership) *5	Yamatotakada City, Nara Prefecture	Trust beneficiary interests	4,042	3,985
16104	tonarie Toga•Mikita	Sakai City, Osaka Prefecture	Trust beneficiary interests	6,834	6,970
16201	LAMU Kitatsumori (Leasehold land)	Osaka City, Osaka Prefecture	Trust beneficiary interests	1,284	1,480
16202	K's Denki Nishi-kobe (Leasehold land)	Kobe City, Hyogo Prefecture	Trust beneficiary interests	2,154	2,470
16203	Sanyo Marunaka Mitani (Leasehold land)	Kobe City, Hyogo Prefecture	Trust beneficiary interests	1,443	1,540
16204	TSUTAYA Sakai-minami (Leasehold land)	Sakai City, Osaka Prefecture	Trust beneficiary interests	955	1,040
16205	LIFE Daisen (Leasehold land)	Sakai City, Osaka Prefecture	Trust beneficiary interests	2,758	3,070
16206	TRIAL Omihachiman (Leasehold land)	Omihachiman City, Shiga Prefecture	Trust beneficiary interests	1,019	1,110
16207	Kusuri no Aoki Ikaruga (Leasehold land) *6	Ikoma District, Nara Prefecture	Trust beneficiary interests	718	(1) 702 (2) 29
16208	DRUG Yutaka Mukokamiueno (Leasehold land)	Muko City, Kyoto Prefecture	Trust beneficiary interests	464	47
16209	WELCIA Amagasaki Mukomotomachi (Leasehold land)	Amagasaki City, Hyogo Prefecture	Trust beneficiary interests	571	577
16210	Cocokara Fine Neyagawakoen (Leasehold land)	Neyagawa City, Osaka Prefecture	Trust beneficiary interests	709	719
16211	ENEOS Ikawadani SS (Leasehold land)	Kobe City, Hyogo Prefecture	Trust beneficiary interests	535	531
16212	GEO Hikone Takamiya (Leasehold land)	Hikone City, Shiga Prefecture	Trust beneficiary interests	304	305
18101	SUROY MALL Nagamine	Kumamoto City, Kumamoto Prefecture	Trust beneficiary interests	4,595	4,500

Property number	Property name	Location	Type of ownership *1	Book value (Million yen)	Appraisal value at end of period (Million yen) *2
18201	MrMAX Kasuga (Leasehold land)	Kasuga City, Fukuoka Prefecture	Trust beneficiary interests	3,428	3,970
18202	UNIQLO Kasuga (Leasehold land)	Kasuga City, Fukuoka Prefecture	Trust beneficiary interests	601	677
18203	Avail.Shimamura Kasuga (Leasehold land)	Kasuga City, Fukuoka Prefecture	Trust beneficiary interests	874	1,110
18204	au-SoftBank Kasuga (Leasehold land)	Kasuga City, Fukuoka Prefecture	Trust beneficiary interests	145	161
18205	Kura Sushi Kasuga (Leasehold land)	Kasuga City, Fukuoka Prefecture	Trust beneficiary interests	264	306
18206	docomo Shop Kasuga (Leasehold land)	Kasuga City, Fukuoka Prefecture	Trust beneficiary interests	163	183
18207	Konpira Maru Kasuga (Leasehold land)	Kasuga City, Fukuoka Prefecture	Trust beneficiary interests	239	266
18208	One-Karubi Kasuga (Leasehold land)	Kasuga City, Fukuoka Prefecture	Trust beneficiary interests	239	266
18209	Suke-san Kasuga (Leasehold land)	Kasuga City, Fukuoka Prefecture	Trust beneficiary interests	405	421
18210	NAFCO Kasuga (Leasehold land)	Kasuga City, Fukuoka Prefecture	Trust beneficiary interests	2,666	3,480
18211	K's Denki Kasuga (Leasehold land)	Kasuga City, Fukuoka Prefecture	Trust beneficiary interests	1,506	1,870
19101	Fuji Grand Natalie	Hatsukaichi City, Hiroshima Prefecture	Trust beneficiary interests	3,888	4,100
19201	K's Denki Kurashiki (Leasehold land)	Kurashiki City, Okayama Prefecture	Trust beneficiary interests	2,136	2,450
	Total			69,470	72,780

*1. Trust beneficiary interests represent trust beneficiary interests in mainly real estate.

*2. The appraisal value at the end of the period is an appraisal value by a real estate appraiser based on the Articles of Incorporation of ESCON REIT and rules set by the Investment Trusts Association, Japan, with the end of the fiscal period as the date of investigation.

*3. "Asumigaoka Brand-New Mall (Leasehold land)" has fixed-term business-use land lease agreements with two lessees, Akindo Sushiro Co., Ltd. and McDonald's Holdings Company (Japan), Ltd., and the "Appraisal value at end of the period" shows the portion pertaining to Akindo Sushiro Co., Ltd. as (1) and the portion pertaining to McDonald's Holdings Company (Japan), Ltd. as (2).

*4. The book value of Yoshizuya Y Store Nishiharu includes the book value of auxiliary facilities associated with the commercial facility.

*5. "Book Value" and "Appraisal value at the end of the period" for tonarie Yamatotakada are indicated in consideration of quasi co-ownership with a 50% real estate trust beneficial interests.

*6. "Kusuri no Aoki Ikaruga (Leasehold land)" has fixed-term business-use land lease agreements with two lessees, Kusuri no Aoki Co., Ltd. and Ikaritombo Co., Ltd, and the "Book value" is the sum of the amounts for the two lessees. In addition, "Appraisal value at the end of period" shows the portion pertaining to Kusuri no Aoki Co., Ltd. as (1) and the portion pertaining to Ikaritombo Co., Ltd. as (2).

	owing is a summary of the least	leasing business of the real estate properties owned by ESCON REIT.									
		From		cal period 2023 to July 3		14th fiscal period From August 1, 2023 to January 31, 2024					
Property number	Property name	Total number of tenants	Occupancy rate	Real estate leasing business revenue	Percentage of total real estate leasing revenue	Total number of tenants	Occupancy rate	Real estate leasing business revenue	Percentage of total real estate leasing revenue		
		(As of the end of the fiscal period)	(As of the end of the fiscal period) (%)	(During the fiscal period) (Million yen)	(%)	(As of the end of the fiscal period)	(As of the end of the fiscal period) (%)	(During the fiscal period) (Million yen)	(%)		
		*1	*2	*3		*1	*2	*3			
11201	YAMADA DENKI Tecc Land Sapporo Shiroishi (Leasehold land)	1	100.0	Not disclosed *5	Not disclosed *5	1	100.0	Not disclosed * ⁵	Not disclosed *5		
13101	Asumigaoka Brand-New Mall	30	99.8	253	10.1	28	87.8	247	10.1		
13101	Asumigaoka Brand-New Mall (Leasehold land)	2	100.0	233	10.1	2	100.0	277	10.1		
13102	Nishi-shiroi Ekimae Plaza	4	100.0	20	0.8	4	100.0	19	0.8		
13201	K's Denki Oyumino (Leasehold land)	1	100.0	70	2.8	1	100.0	70	2.9		
13202	Nitori Tsuchiura (Leasehold land)	1	100.0	Not disclosed *5	Not disclosed *5	1	100.0	Not disclosed * ⁵	Not disclosed *5		
13203	Nitori Imaichi (Leasehold land)	1	100.0	Not disclosed *5	Not disclosed *5	1	100.0	Not disclosed *5	Not disclosed *5		
15101	Yoshizuya Y Store Nishiharu	54	99.4	114	4.6	56	99.7	114	4.7		
15201	MaxValu Kikyougaoka- higashi (Leasehold land)	1	100.0	Not disclosed *5	Not disclosed *5	1	100.0	Not disclosed *5	Not disclosed *5		
16101	tonarie Minami-senri	45	98.4	334	13.4	45	98.4	328	13.4		
16102	tonarie Seiwadai	32	100.0	228	9.2	32	100.0	169	7.0		
16103	tonarie Yamatotakada (50% Ownership)	66	100.0	176	7.1	66	100.0	178	7.3		
16104	tonarie Toga•Mikita	31	100.0	261	10.5	31	100.0	258	10.6		
16201	LAMU Kitatsumori (Leasehold land)	1	100.0	38	1.5	1	100.0	38	1.6		
16202	K's Denki Nishi-kobe (Leasehold land)	1	100.0	62	2.5	1	100.0	62	2.5		
16203	Sanyo Marunaka Mitani (Leasehold land)	1	100.0	Not disclosed *5	Not disclosed *5	1	100.0	Not disclosed *5	Not disclosed *5		
16204	TSUTAYA Sakai-minami (Leasehold land)	1	100.0	21	0.9	1	100.0	21	0.9		
16205	LIFE Daisen (Leasehold land)	1	100.0	72	2.9	1	100.0	72	2.9		
16206	TRIAL Omihachiman (Leasehold land)	1	100.0	Not disclosed *5	Not disclosed *5	1	100.0	Not disclosed *5	Not disclosed *5		
16207	Kusuri no Aoki Ikaruga (Leasehold land) *4	2	100.0	Not disclosed *5	Not disclosed *5	2	100.0	Not disclosed *5	Not disclosed *5		
16208	DRUG Yutaka Mukokamiueno (Leasehold land)	1	100.0	Not disclosed *5	Not disclosed *5	1	100.0	Not disclosed *5	Not disclosed *5		
16209	WELCIA Amagasaki Mukomotomachi (Leasehold land)	1	100.0	Not disclosed *5	Not disclosed *5	1	100.0	Not disclosed * ⁵	Not disclosed *5		
16210	Cocokara Fine Neyagawakoen (Leasehold land)	1	100.0	Not disclosed *5	Not disclosed *5	1	100.0	Not disclosed *5	Not disclosed *5		

The following is a summary of the leasing business of the real estate properties owned by ESCON REIT.

		From		cal period 2023 to July 3	1, 2023	Fron		iscal period 023 to January 3	31, 2024
Property number	Property name	Total number of tenants	Occupancy rate	Real estate leasing business revenue	Percentage of total real estate leasing revenue	Total number of tenants	Occupancy rate	Real estate leasing business revenue	Percentage of total real estate leasing revenue
		(As of the end of the fiscal period)	(As of the end of the fiscal period) (%)	(During the fiscal period) (Million yen)	(%)	(As of the end of the fiscal period)	(As of the end of the fiscal period) (%)	(During the fiscal period) (Million yen)	(%)
		*1	*2	*3		*1	*2	*3	
16211	ENEOS Ikawadani SS (Leasehold land)	1	100.0	Not disclosed *5	Not disclosed *5	1	100.0	Not disclosed *5	Not disclosed *5
16212	GEO Hikone Takamiya (Leasehold land)	1	100.0	Not disclosed *5	Not disclosed *5	1	100.0	Not disclosed * ⁵	Not disclosed *5
18101	SUROY MALL Nagamine	24	100.0	165	6.6	24	100.0	185	7.6
18201	MrMAX Kasuga (Leasehold land)	1	100.0	84	3.4	1	100.0	84	3.5
18202	UNIQLO Kasuga (Leasehold land)	1	100.0	13	0.6	1	100.0	13	0.6
18203	Avail.Shimamura Kasuga (Leasehold land)	1	100.0	23	0.9	1	100.0	23	1.0
18204	au-SoftBank Kasuga (Leasehold land)	1	100.0	3	0.2	1	100.0	3	0.2
18205	Kura Sushi Kasuga (Leasehold land)	1	100.0	7	0.3	1	100.0	7	0.3
18206	docomo Shop Kasuga (Leasehold land)	1	100.0	4	0.2	1	100.0	4	0.2
18207	Konpira Maru Kasuga (Leasehold land)	1	100.0	6	0.3	1	100.0	6	0.3
18208	One-Karubi Kasuga (Leasehold land)	1	100.0	6	0.3	1	100.0	6	0.3
18209	Suke-san Kasuga (Leasehold land)	1	100.0	10	0.4	1	100.0	10	0.4
18210	NAFCO Kasuga (Leasehold land)	1	100.0	Not disclosed *5	Not disclosed *5	1	100.0	Not disclosed * ⁵	Not disclosed *5
18211	K's Denki Kasuga (Leasehold land)	1	100.0	37	1.5	1	100.0	37	1.5
19101	Fuji Grand Natalie	1	100.0	Not disclosed *5	Not disclosed *5	1	100.0	Not disclosed * ⁵	Not disclosed *5
19201	K's Denki Kurashiki (Leasehold land)	1	100.0	Not disclosed *5	Not disclosed *5	1	100.0	Not disclosed * ⁵	Not disclosed *5
	Total	319	99.9	2,497	100.0	319	99.3	2,444	100.0

*1. The total number of tenants is reported based on data as of the closing date. For properties under a pass-through type master lease contract, the total number of tenants is reported based on end tenants. For "Fuji Grand Natalie" facility, Fuji Corporation has entered into a lease agreement for the whole building.

*2. The occupancy rate is calculated by the calculation formula below based on data as of the closing date and rounded off to the nearest first decimal place. Occupancy rate = Leased area / Leasable area \times 100

Yoshizuya Y Store Nishiharu consists of a commercial building and a residential building. The commercial building is subleased to YOSHIZUYA COMPANY LIMITED by master lessee ES-CON JAPAN, and the leased area in the table above includes the 4,485.14 m² leased area on the third floor, which was vacant as of the end of the fiscal period.

For the third floor, a fixed rent per tsubo will be added according to the contracted floor area as tenants move in, and considering the fact that the floor is vacant, the occupancy rate after deducting the leased area of the third floor is 82.4% and 82.8% for 13th and 14th fiscal period respectively. The overall occupancy rate for the entire portfolio after taking this into account would be 98.8% and 98.2% for 13th and 14th fiscal period respectively.

*3. The real estate leasing business revenue is rounded off to the stated value.

*4. The Property has fixed-term business-use land lease agreements with two lessees, Kusuri no Aoki Co., Ltd., and Ikaritombo Co., Ltd. Each figure is the sum of the figures for the two lessees.

*5. The figure is not disclosed as consent has not been obtained from the lessee or other parties.

- 4.Description of Renewable Energy Power Generation Facilities Not applicable.
- 5. Description of Operating Rights of Public Facilities Not applicable.
- 6. Description of Portfolio in securities Not applicable.
- 7. Summary of Outstanding Contracted Amount and Fair Value of Specified Transactions

The following is a summary of outstanding contracted amount and fair value of specified transactions of ESCON REIT as of January 31, 2024

Classification	Туре	Contract Amounts (Thousand yen)* Due after 1 Ye		Fair Value (Thousand yen)
Non-market transactions	Interest Rate Swap Receive-floating/pay-fixed	1,876,600	1,876,600	*2
]	Total	1,876,600	1,876,600	

*1. Contract amounts for interest rate swaps transactions are based on notional principal.

*2. The transaction meets the requirements for Special Treatment under the Accounting Standard for Financial Instruments, and accordingly, the Fair Value is omitted.

8. Status of Other Assets

The trust beneficiary interests in real estate held by ESCON REIT are collectively listed in "3. Real Estate Assets in the Portfolio".

9. Asset Holdings by Country and Region

There are no applicable items for countries and regions other than Japan.

Capital Expenditures on Real Estate Holdings

1. Planned Capital Expenditures

A schedule of major capital expenditures for renovation work, currently planned for the assets held as of January 31, 2024 is described below. A major capital expenditure for renovation work is reported when 1% or more of the book value exists at the end of the period. Please note that the projected construction amounts below include the portion to be treated as expenses for accounting purposes.

				Esti	mated construct (million yen)	
Property name	Location	Purpose of Construction	Scheduled construction period	Total	Current fiscal period Amount paid	Total amount of already paid
tonarie Minami-senri	Suita City, Osaka Prefecture	Renovation work	From July 2024 to January 2025	116	-	-

2. Capital Expenditures During the Fiscal Period

No major construction projects existed that fall under the category of capital expenditures conducted during the current fiscal period for the assets held as of January 31, 2024. A major construction project is reported when 1% or more of the book value exists at the end of the period.

3. Money Set Aside for Long-Term Repair Projects

Based on the long-term repair plans for each property, ESCON REIT has set aside the following reserve for repairs, which is intended to be used for future medium to long-term repairs.

Business period	10th fiscal period From August 1, 2021 to January 31, 2022	11th fiscal period From February 1, 2022 to July 31, 2022	12th fiscal period From August 1, 2022 to January 31, 2023	13th fiscal period From February 1, 2023 to July 31, 2023	14th fiscal period From August 1, 2023 to January 31, 2024
Reserve balance at beginning of fiscal period (Million yen)	95	124	152	121	136
Amount accumulated during the fiscal period (Million yen)	28	27	11	15	21
Amount reversed during the fiscal period (Million yen)	-	-	41	-	5
Amount carried over to the next fiscal period (Million yen)	124	152	121	136	153

Expenses and Liabilities

1. Breakdown of Operational Expenses

(Unit: Thousand yen)

		(Enn: Theusana Jen)
Item	13th fiscal period From February 1, 2023 to July 31, 2023	14th fiscal period From August 1, 2023 to January 31, 2024
Asset management fees	137,049	139,141
Asset custody fees	3,664	3,648
Administrative agent fees	11,698	12,209
Directors' remuneration	2,700	4,500
Taxes and public dues	9,214	10,592
Other expenses	42,962	51,776
Total	207,290	221,867

2. Status of Borrowings

The status of borrowings as of January 31, 2024 is as follows:

	borrowings as of January	51, 20241	s as 10110 ws.				n		
Classification	Lender	Date of borrowing	Balance at beginning of fiscal period (Thousand yen)	Balance at end of fiscal period (Thousand yen)	Average interest rate * ² (%)	Date of Repayment	Repayment Method	Use of funds	Summary
	Mizuho Bank, Ltd.		1,210,000	-					
	The Bank of Fukuoka, Ltd.		500,000	-					
	The Hyakugo Bank, Ltd.		500,000	-					
	AEON Bank, Ltd.		400,000	-					
	Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited		300,000	-					
	Resona Bank, Limited	February 4, 2020	300,000	-	0.420	January 31, 2024	Bullet repayment	*3	Unsecured/ Unguaranteed
	The Minato Bank, Ltd.		300,000	-			1.5		-
	The Chukyo Bank, Limited		300,000	-					
	The Aichi Bank, Ltd.		300,000	-	-				
	Mizuho Trust & Banking Co., Ltd.		300,000	-					
	The Senshu Ikeda Bank, Ltd.		200,000	-					
	Mizuho Bank, Ltd.		687,000	687,000	0.420				Unsecured/ Unguaranteed
	The Bank of Yokohama, Ltd.		450,000	450,000					
Long-term borrowings ^{*1}	Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation		400,000	400,000					
	Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited	August 3,	400,000	400,000		July 31, 2025	Bullet repayment	*3	
	The Aichi Bank, Ltd.	2021	300,000	300,000				5	
	Resona Bank, Limited		250,000	250,000					
	The Minato Bank, Ltd.		200,000	200,000					
	Mizuho Trust & Banking Co., Ltd.		200,000	200,000					
	Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation		500,000	500,000					
	Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited		400,000	400,000					
	MUFG Bank, Ltd.		400,000	400,000					
	The Yamaguchi Bank, Ltd.	August 3,	400,000	400,000	0.520	July 31,	Bullet	*3	Unsecured/
	Resona Bank, Limited	2021	350,000	350,000		2026	repayment	C.	Unguaranteed
	Mizuho Bank, Ltd.		337,000	337,000					
T L	The Hyakugo Bank, Ltd.		300,000	300,000					
	The Minato Bank, Ltd.		200,000	200,000					

Classification	Lender	Date of borrowing	Balance at beginning of fiscal period (Thousand yen)	Balance at end of fiscal period (Thousand yen)	Average interest rate * ² (%)	Date of Repayment	Repayment Method	Use of funds	Summary
	Mizuho Bank, Ltd.		737,000	737,000					
	The Chukyo Bank, Ltd.		500,000	500,000					
	AEON Bank, Ltd.		400,000	400,000					
	The Yamaguchi Bank, Ltd.	August 3, 2021	400,000	400,000	0.570	July 31, 2027	Bullet repayment	*3	Unsecured/ Unguaranteed
	The Bank of Yokohama, Ltd.		350,000	350,000	-				
	The Minato Bank, Ltd.		300,000	300,000					
	MUFG Bank, Ltd.		200,000	200,000					
	The Bank of Fukuoka, Ltd.		990,000	990,000	0.370				
	Resona Bank, Limited		750,000	750,000					Unsecured/ Unguaranteed
	Mizuho Bank, Ltd.	January 31, 2022	271,000	271,000		January 31, 2025	Bullet repayment	*4	
	The Chiba Bank, Ltd.		250,000	250,000					
	The Minato Bank, Ltd.		125,000	125,000					
	Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation		882,500	882,500					Unsecured/ Unguaranteed
Long-term borrowings ^{*1}	The Bank of Fukuoka, Ltd.		540,000	540,000	0.420				
	Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited		500,000	500,000		January 31, 2026	Bullet repayment	*4	
	AEON Bank, Ltd.	January 31, 2022	500,000	500,000					
	MUFG Bank, Ltd.		500,000	500,000					
	Mizuho Bank, Ltd.		177,000	177,000					
	The Minato Bank, Ltd.		125,000	125,000					
	Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation		882,500	882,500					
	Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited		500,000	500,000					
	AEON Bank, Ltd.	January	500,000	500,000		January	Bullet		Unsecured/
	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	31, 2022	500,000	500,000	0.520	31, 2027	repayment	*4	Unguaranteed
	The Senshu Ikeda Bank, Ltd.		250,000	250,000					
	Mizuho Bank, Ltd.		217,000	217,000					
	Mizuho Bank, Ltd.	January	1,000,000	1,000,000	0.570	January	Bullet	*4	Unsecured/
	The Yamaguchi Bank, Ltd.	31, 2022	500,000	500,000	0.570	31, 2028	repayment	*4	Unguaranteed

Classification	Lender	Date of borrowing	Balance at beginning of fiscal period (Thousand yen)	Balance at end of fiscal period (Thousand yen)	Average interest rate * ² (%)	Date of Repayment	Repayment Method	Use of funds	Summary
	AEON Bank, Ltd.		1,000,000	1,000,000					
	MUFG Bank, Ltd.		1,000,000	1,000,000					
	Resona Bank, Limited		750,000	750,000					
	The Bank of Fukuoka, Ltd.	January 31, 2023	715,000	715,000	0.470	January	Bullet	*4	Unsecured/ Unguaranteed
	Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation	51, 2025	441,250	441,250		31, 2026	repayment		
	Mizuho Bank, Ltd.	-	416,250	416,250					
	Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited	-	250,000	250,000					
	The Bank of Fukuoka, Ltd.		715,000	715,000					
	Sumitomo Mitsui	January 31, 2023	441,250	441,250		January	Bullat		Unsecured/
	Banking Corporation Mizuho Bank, Ltd.		416,250	416,250	- 0.520	31, 2027	Bullet repayment	*4	Unguaranteed
	Sumitomo Mitsui	-	250,000	250,000					
	Trust Bank, Limited Sumitomo Mitsui		882,500	882,500					
	Banking Corporation Mizuho Bank, Ltd.	-	832,500	832,500					
	The Minato Bank, Ltd.	-	750,000	750,000	0.620	Ionuomi			
	Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited	January 31, 2023	500,000	500,000		January 31, 2028	Bullet repayment	*4	Unsecured/ Unguaranteed
	The Yamaguchi Bank, Ltd.		250,000	250,000					
	The Senshu Ikeda Bank, Ltd.		250,000	250,000					
Long-term borrowings ^{*1}	Mizuho Bank, Ltd.		-	393,700					
bon o wings	Resona Bank, Limited	January	-	100,000	0.281	July 31, 2025	Bullet		Unsecured/
	Mizuho Trust & Banking Co., Ltd.	31, 2024	-	100,000			repayment	*4	Unguaranteed
	Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited		-	98,000					
	The Aichi Bank, Ltd.		-	600,000					
	The Hyakugo Bank, Ltd.		-	500,000					
	Mizuho Bank, Ltd.		-	393,700					
	The Bank of Fukuoka, Ltd.	January	-	250,000	0.331	July 31,	Bullet repayment	*4	Unsecured/ Unguaranteed
	Resona Bank, Limited	31, 2024	_	100,000		2026	repayment		Oliguarameed
	Mizuho Trust & Banking Co., Ltd.		-	100,000					
	Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited	-	-	98,000					
	Mizuho Bank, Ltd.		-	422,600					
	AEON Bank, Ltd.	1	-	400,000	1				
	The Minato Bank, Ltd.	1	-	300,000	1				
	The Bank of Fukuoka, Ltd.	January	-	250,000	1.166	January	Bullet repayment	*4	Unsecured/ Unguaranteed
	The Senshu Ikeda Bank, Ltd.	31, 2024	-	200,000		31, 2029	repayment		Unguaranteed
E S T	Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited	1	-	104,000					
	Resona Bank, Limited	1	-	100,000					

Classification	Lender	Date of borrowing	Balance at beginning of fiscal period (Thousand yen)	Balance at end of fiscal period (Thousand yen)	Date of Repayment	Repayment Method	Use of funds	Summary
	Mizuho Trust & Banking Co., Ltd.		-	100,000				
Total of Long-term borrowings		33,091,000	33,091,000					
Total borrowings		33,091,000	33,091,000					

*1 "Long-term borrowings" includes debts which are scheduled for repayment within one year.

*2 The "average interest rate" is the weighted average for the fiscal period, rounded to the nearest third decimal place. For borrowings with interest rate swap transactions which were entered into for the purpose of avoiding interest rate fluctuation risk, the fixed interest rate that considers the impact of the interest rate swap is disclosed.

*3 The funds will be used to purchase trust beneficiary interests in real estate (including incidental expenses)

*4 The funds have been used to refinance the long-term borrowings.

3. Status of Investment Corporation Bonds

Not applicable.

- 4. Status of Short-term Investment Corporation Bonds Not applicable.
- 5. Status of New Investment Unit Acquisition Rights Not applicable

Status of Acquisition and Sale during the Period

1. Status of Acquisition and Disposition of Properties and Asset-Backed Securities, Infrastructure Assets, and Infrastructure Related

Asset Not applicable.

- 2. Transactions Other Assets Not applicable.
- 3. Review on Value of Specified Assets Properties
 - (1) Real estate Not applicable.
 - (2) Other

The Company engaged Tokyo Kyodo Accounting Office Co., Ltd (hereinafter, "Tokyo Kyodo Accounting Office"), a third party to perform specific procedures on certain assets priced in accordance with Article 201, Paragraph 2 of the Investment Trust Act. An interest rate swap transaction during the 14th fiscal period was subject to the engagement, and the Company received an agreed-upon Report on Procedure Implementation from Tokyo Kyodo Accounting Office. Tokyo Kyodo Accounting Office was engaged to investigate the name of the counterparty, the name of the stock, the contract values, the type of financial product or index, the transaction period, and other details related to the interest rate swap transaction.

This engagement is not part of the financial statement audit and does not provide any assurance regarding the appropriateness of pricing of the transaction or internal control systems.

4. Transactions with interested parties

(1) Sales transactions with interested parties Not applicable.

(2) Fees and expenses

	Total amount of fees	Breakdown of transactions with	Percentage of total amount paid	
Classification	(A) (Thousand yen)	Payment recipient	Amount paid (B) (Thousand yen)	(B/A) (%)
Electricity	218,278	Chubu Electric Power Miraiz Co., Inc.	125,223	57.4
charges	210,270	CD Energy Direct Co., Ltd.	68,429	31.3
Administrative expenses	213,958	ES-CON PROPERTY Ltd. *2	154,388	72.2

*1 The term "Interested Parties" refers to parties that have entered into an asset management agreement with ESCON REIT as defined in Article 123 of the Enforcement Order for the Act on Investment Trusts and Investment Corporations and Article 26, Paragraph 1, Item 27 of the Regulations

Concerning Management Reports for Investment Trusts and Investment Corporations of the Investment Trusts Association, Japan.

*2 In addition to the amount described above, 1,515 thousand yen of construction management fee and other related costs were recorded as assets.

5. Transactions with the Asset Management Company Concerning Businesses Operated Concurrently by the Asset Management

Company

Although the Asset Manager has operations to perform transactions classified as Building Lots and Buildings Transaction Business as of January 31, 2024, the Company was not involved in any applicable transactions. In addition, the Asset Manager had no transactions classified as Type I Financial Instruments Business, Type II Financial Instruments Business and Specified Joint Real Estate Ventures.

Accounting Status

1. Status of Assets, Liabilities, Capital, and Profit/Loss

Please refer to "II Balance Sheets", "III Statements of Income and Retained Earnings", "IV Statements of Unitholders' Equity", "V Statements of Cash Dividend Distributions", "VI Statements of Cash Flows" and "VII Notes".

Information being reported in the previous fiscal period on the Balance Sheets, Statements of Income and Retained Earnings, Statements of Unitholders' Equity, Notes to Financial Statements and Statements of Cash Distributions is for only information purposes, and is not subject to an audit by the Independent Auditor in the current fiscal period pursuant to the provisions of Article 130 of the Act on Investment Trusts and Investment Corporations.

In addition, information regarding the current fiscal period on Statements of Cash Flows is for only information purposes, and is not subject to an audit by the Independent Auditor pursuant to the provisions of Article 130 of the Act on Investment Trusts and Investment Corporations.

- 2. Changes in Method to Calculate Depreciation Expenses Not applicable.
- 3. Changes in Method to Evaluate Properties and Infrastructure Assets Expenses Not applicable.
- 4. Status of Beneficiary Certificates of Investment Trust Established by ESCON REIT Not applicable.

Others

1. Notices

(1) General Meeting of Unitholders

On October 27, 2023, the ESCON REIT's 7th general meeting of unitholders was held. A summary of the items approved at the general meeting of unitholders is as follows:

Date of approval	Item	Description	
	Partial Amendment to the Articles	Partial amendments were made to the Articles of Incorporation of	
	of Incorporation	ESCON REIT.	
	Election of one (1) Executive	Tadashi Ebihara was appointed as Executive Director	
	Director	radasin Ebinara was appointed as Excentive Director	
October 27, 2023	Election of one (1) Substitute	Yoshio Kato was appointed as Substitute Executive Director.	
0010001 27, 2023	Executive Director	Toshio Kato was appointed as Substitute Executive Director.	
	Election of two (2) Supervisory	Satoshi Ugajin and Rin Moriguchi were appointed as Supervisory	
	Directors	Directors.	
	Election of one (1) Substitute	Himmony Sate was appointed as Substitute Supervisory Director	
	Supervisory Director	Hiroyasu Sato was appointed as Substitute Supervisory Director.	

- (2) Board of Directors of Investment Corporation Not applicable.
- (3) Other information deemed to be important Not applicable.
- 2. Other

In this document, unless otherwise stated, figures are truncated to the nearest whole unit and percentages are rounded off.

- 3. Disclosures Regarding Overseas Real Estate Holding Companies Not applicable.
- 4. Disclosures Regarding Real Estate Held by Overseas Real Estate Holding Companies Not applicable.

II Balance Sheets

	Previous fiscal period (reference)	Current fiscal period
	As of July 31, 2023	As of January 31, 2024
Assets		
Current assets		
Cash and deposits	2,318,451	2,308,510
Cash and deposits in trust	3,354,221	3,461,980
Operating accounts receivable	100,249	55,548
Prepaid expenses	82,599	88,744
Total current assets	5,855,522	5,914,784
Non-current assets		
Property, plant and equipment		
Buildings	7,063	7,063
Accumulated depreciation	(1,011)	(1,375)
Buildings, net	6,052	5,688
Buildings in trust	12,759,582	12,812,723
Accumulated depreciation	(1,233,647)	(1,412,184)
Buildings in trust, net	11,525,935	11,400,538
Structures in trust	146,945	146,945
Accumulated depreciation	(35,087)	(38,672)
Structures in trust, net	111,858	108,273
Tools, furniture and fixtures in trust	44,922	64,912
Accumulated depreciation	(17,485)	(22,527)
Tools, furniture and fixtures in trust, net	27,436	42,385
Land in trust	57,914,000	57,914,000
Total property, plant and equipment	69,585,282	69,470,886
Intangible assets		
Trademarks	502	448
Other	982	165
Total intangible assets	1,484	614
Investments and other assets		
Leasehold and guarantee deposits	10,000	10,000
Long-term prepaid expenses	143,059	134,650
Deferred tax assets	2	3
Total investments and other assets	153,061	144,653
Total noncurrent assets	69,739,829	69,616,154
Total assets	75,595,352	75,530,938

		(Unit: thousand yen)
	Previous fiscal period (reference)	Current fiscal period
	As of July 31, 2023	As of January 31, 2024
Liabilities		
Current liabilities		
Operating accounts payable	199,417	101,431
Current portion of long-term borrowings	4,610,000	2,386,000
Accounts payable - other	15,698	73,564
Accrued expenses	163,112	165,140
Income taxes payable	655	676
Accrued consumption taxes	31,343	27,080
Advances received	334,062	331,039
Deposits received	2,592	599
Total current liabilities	5,356,882	3,085,533
Non-current liabilities		
Long-term borrowings	28,481,000	30,705,000
Tenant lease and guarantee deposits in the trusts	2,510,386	2,497,129
Total non-current liabilities	30,991,386	33,202,129
Total liabilities	36,348,269	36,287,662
Net assets		
Unitholders' equity		
Unitholders' capital	38,107,208	38,107,208
Surplus		
Unappropriated retained earnings (undisposed loss)	1,139,874	1,136,067
Total surplus	1,139,874	1,136,067
Total unitholders' equity	39,247,083	39,243,276
Total net assets *1	39,247,083	39,243,276
Total liabilities and net assets	75,595,352	75,530,938

Dperating revenue	*1	Previous fiscal period (reference) From February 1, 2023 To July 31, 2023	Current fiscal period From August 1, 2023
Derating revenue	*1	-	-
Derating revenue	*1	To July 31, 2023	
Operating revenue	*1		To January 31, 2024
	*1		
Leasing business revenue		2,193,842	2,189,210
Other leasing business revenue	*1	303,889	255,375
Total operating revenue		2,497,731	2,444,586
Operating expenses			
Expenses related to leasing business	*1	1,034,941	947,809
Asset management fees		137,049	139,141
Asset custodian fees		3,664	3,648
Administrative service fees		11,698	12,209
Remuneration for director (and other officers)		2,700	4,500
Taxes and public dues		9,214	10,592
Other operating expenses		42,962	51,770
Total operating expenses		1,242,231	1,169,67
Dperating income		1,255,499	1,274,90
Non-operating income			
Interest income		27	2'
Gain on forfeiture of unclaimed dividends		719	729
Total non-operating income		746	75
Non-operating expenses			
Interest expenses		80,653	81,32
Financing fees		33,686	57,79
Other		1,370	
Total non-operating expenses		115,709	139,122
Drdinary income		1,140,536	1,136,542
ncome before income taxes		1,140,536	1,136,542
ncome taxes - current		659	68
ncome taxes - deferred		26	(1)
Fotal income taxes		686	67
Vet income		1,139,850	1,135,86
Retained earnings brought forward		24	20:
Jnappropriated retained earnings (undisposed loss)		1,139,874	1,136,06

III Statements of Income and Retained Earnings

IV Statements of Unitholders' Equity

	-		-	(Unit: thousand yen)
	Surplus				
	Unitholders' capital	Unappropriated retained earnings (or undisposed loss)	Total surplus	Total unitholders' equity	Total net assets
Balance at the beginning of the period	38,107,208	1,859,465	1,859,465	39,966,674	39,966,674
Changes of items during the period					
Dividends from surplus	-	(1,859,441)	(1,859,441)	(1,859,441)	(1,859,441)
Net income	-	1,139,850	1,139,850	1,139,850	1,139,850
Total changes of items during the period	-	(719,591)	(719,591)	(719,591)	(719,591)
Balance at the end of the period	*1 38,107,208	1,139,874	1,139,874	39,247,083	39,247,083

Previous fiscal period (reference) (From February 1, 2023 to July 31, 2023)

Current fiscal period (From August 1, 2023 to January 31, 2024)

	-			(Unit: thousand yen)
	Surplus				
	Unitholders' capital	Unappropriated retained earnings (or undisposed loss)	Total surplus	Total unitholders' equity	Total net assets
Balance at the beginning of the period	38,107,208	1,139,874	1,139,874	39,247,083	39,247,083
Changes of items during the period					
Dividends from surplus	-	(1,139,669)	(1,139,669)	(1,139,669)	(1,139,669)
Net income	-	1,135,862	1,135,862	1,135,862	1,135,862
Total changes of items during the period	-	(3,806)	(3,806)	(3,806)	(3,806)
Balance at the end of the period	*1 38,107,208	1,136,067	1,136,067	39,243,276	39,243,276

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V Statements of Cash Dividend Distributions

(Unit: yen)

	Previous fiscal period From February 1, 2023 to July 31, 2023	Current fiscal period From August 1, 2023 to January 31, 2024
I. Unappropriated retained earnings	1,139,874,269	1,136,067,579
II. Distributions	1,139,669,146	1,135,797,509
(Distributions per unit)	(3,238)	(3,227)
III. Retained earnings carried forward	205,123	270,070
How distributions were calculated	The cash distribution policy set out in Article 36, Paragraph 1 of the Articles of Incorporation of ESON REIT stipulates that the amount of distributions shall not exceed the amount of profit and shall exceed the amount of equivalent to 90% of profit available for distribution as provided for in Article 67-15 of the Act on Special Measures Concerning Taxation. Based on this policy, ESCON REIT has decided to distribute 1,139,669,146 yen. It is roughly the full amount of revenue stipulated in Article 136, Paragraph 1 of the Investment Trust Act. Furthermore, ESCON REIT will not distribute cash in excess of earnings as provided in Article 36, Paragraph 2 of the Articles of Incorporation.	The cash distribution policy set out in Article 36, Paragraph 1 of the Articles of Incorporation of ESON REIT stipulates that the amount of distributions shall not exceed the amount of profit and shall exceed the amount of equivalent to 90% of profit available for distribution as provided for in Article 67-15 of the Act on Special Measures Concerning Taxation. Based on this policy, ESCON REIT has decided to distribute 1,135,797,509 yen. It is roughly the full amount of revenue stipulated in Article 136, Paragraph 1 of the Investment Trust Act. Furthermore, ESCON REIT will not distribute cash in excess of earnings as provided in Article 36, Paragraph 2 of the Articles of Incorporation.

VI Statements of Cash Flows

(Unit: thousand yen)

		(Unit: thousand yen)
	Previous fiscal period From February 1, 2023 to July 31, 2023	Current fiscal period From August 1, 2023 to January 31, 2024
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
Income before income taxes	1,140,536	1,136,542
Depreciation	184,156	188,398
Interest income	(27)	(27)
Interest expenses	80,653	81,326
Decrease (increase) in operating accounts receivable	(44,642)	44,701
Decrease (increase) in prepaid expenses	(17,625)	(6,144)
Decrease (increase) in long-term prepaid expenses	(1,748)	8,409
Increase (decrease) in operating accounts payable	59,969	(97,986)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable - other	(58,970)	60,310
Increase (decrease) in accrued expenses	(3,141)	1,935
Increase (decrease) in accrued consumption taxes	11,654	(4,262)
Increase (decrease) in advances received	2,032	(3,023)
Others, net	2,324	(1,992)
Subtotal	1,355,171	1,408,186
Interest received	27	27
Interest paid	(80,656)	(81,234)
Income taxes paid	(1,207)	(659)
Net cash provided by operating activities	1,273,334	1,326,319
Cash Flows from Investing Activities		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment in trust	(101,213)	(73,131)
Proceeds from tenant lease and guarantee deposits in the trusts	29,744	4,672
Refund of tenant lease and guarantee deposits in the trusts	(29,778)	(17,929)
Net cash used in investing activities	(101,247)	(86,388)
Cash Flows from Financing Activities		
Proceeds from long-term borrowings	-	4,610,000
Repayments of long-term borrowings	-	(4,610,000)
Distributions paid	(1,858,233)	(1,142,112)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(1,858,233)	(1,142,112)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(686,147)	97,818
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of period	6,358,820	5,672,672
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of period *1	5,672,672	5,770,490
		. ,

VII Notes

[Basis of presenting financial statements]

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions set forth in the Investment Trusts Act, the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act of Japan and other related accounting regulations, and in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in Japan (hereinafter, "Japanese GAAP"), which are different in certain aspects as to the application and disclosure requirements from International Financial Reporting Standards or accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The accompanying financial statements are the translation of the financial statements presented in the securities report of ESCON REIT submitted to the Kanto local Finance Bureau, which have been prepared in compliance with Japanese GAAP, translated into English. Amounts less than one thousand yen have been omitted. As a result, the totals presented in the accompanying financial statements in yen do not necessarily agree with the sums of the individual amounts. ESCON REIT does not have subsidiaries and thus does not prepare consolidated financial statements.

The accounting periods of ESCON REIT are six-month periods ending at the end of January and the end of July of each year.

[Notes on going concern assumption]

Not applicable.

1. Method of depreciation and amortization of	(1) Property, plant and equipment (including assets in trust)			
non-current assets	The straight-line method is used. The useful lives of property, plant and equipment are as follows.			
	• Buildings 3 to 64 years			
	• Structures 12 to 63 years			
	• Tools, furniture and fixtures 2 to 10 years			
	(2) Intangible assets			
	The straight-line method is used.			
	(3) Long-term prepaid expenses			
	The straight-line method is used.			
2. Accounting standards for revenues and	(1) Standards for revenue recognition			
expenses	The following is a description of the ESCON REIT's main performance			
	obligations with respect to revenues arising from contracts with customers			
	and the normal time at which such performance obligations are satisfied (i.e.,			
	the normal time at which revenue is recognized).			
	i. Sales of real estate			
	Sales of real estate revenue are recognized when the customer (i.e., the			
	buyer) obtains control of the real estate as a result of our fulfillment of the			
	delivery obligations stipulated in the sales contract for the real estate.			
	 ii. Utilities charges received Utilities charges received are recorded as revenues according to the supply 			
	of electricity, water to the lessee as a customer, based on the lease contract			
	of the real estate and other related agreements.			
	(2) Accounting for property taxes			
	For property taxes, city planning taxes, depreciable asset taxes on real estate			
	holdings, the amounts corresponding to the current fiscal period are treated			
	as expenses related to the leasing business.			
	Consistent with the acquisition of real estate or trust beneficiary interests in			
	real estate, the amount equivalent to property taxes for the first year paid to			
	the transferor as a settlement payment is not recorded as an expense and is			
	included in the acquisition cost for the purchased real estate property. No			
	amount equivalent to property taxes, etc. is included in the acquisition costs			
	for real estate, etc. in the previous fiscal period and the current fiscal period.			
3. Hedge Accounting Methods	(1) Hedge Accounting Methods			
	Special accounting treatment has been adopted since the transaction meets			
	the conditions for special treatment for interest rate swaps.			
	(2) Hedge Instruments and Hedged items			
	Hedge instrument: interest rate swaps			
	Hedged items: Interest on borrowings			

	(2) Hodge Doligy
	(3) Hedge Policy
	ESCON REIT enters in derivative transactions for the purpose of hedging
	risks as defined in the ESCON REIT Agreement based on the Derivative
	Management Regulations.
	(4) Method for Evaluating Hedge Efficacy
	Evaluation on the effectiveness of the hedge is omitted since the interest rate swap meets the conditions for special treatment.
4. Scope of funds in the statements of cash flows	Funds (cash and cash equivalents) in the statements of cash flows consist of cash
1	on hand, cash in trust, deposits and deposits in trust that can be withdrawn at any
	time, and short-term investments that are readily convertible into cash, with low
	risk of price fluctuations and with a maturity of less than three months.
5.Other Items Forming the Basis for the	(1) Accounting for trust beneficial interests in real estate as trust asset
Preparation of Financial Statements	For trust beneficial interests in real estate held as trust assets, all assets and
	liabilities as well as all revenue and expense items associated with trust assets
	are accounted for under the respective account items of the balance sheets and
	Statement of Income and Retained Earnings.
	Included in the trust assets accounted for under the respective account items,
	the following items of significance are separately classified on the balance
	sheets.
	i. Cash in trust and deposits in trust
	ii. Buildings in trust and structures in trust
	Tools, furniture and fixtures in trust and land in trust
	iii. Leasehold and guarantee deposits received in trust
	(2) Accounting for non-deductible consumption taxes
	Non-deductible consumption taxes on non-current assets are included in the
	acquisition cost of individual assets.
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[Notes Concerning Significant Accounting Estimates]

Impairment of non-current assets

1. Amount recorded in financial statements

(Unit: thousand yen)

	Previous fiscal periodCurrent fiscal periodAs of and for the six months ended July 31, 2023As of and for the six months ended31, 2024	
Property, plant and equipment	69,585,282	69,470,886
Intangible assets	1,484	614
Impairment losses	-	-

2. Information concerning significant accounting estimates related to identified items

In accordance with accounting standards for impairment of non-current assets, ESCON REIT applies an accounting method to reduce the book value of non-current assets to the recoverable amount when recovery of the amount invested is not expected due to a decline in profitability. In applying the accounting treatment, each property owned by ESCON REIT is considered as one asset group, and when there is an indication of impairment due to continuous operating losses, significant decline in market price, or significant deterioration of the business environment, it is determined whether to have to recognize an impairment loss.

Estimated future cash flows are used to determine whether an impairment loss should be recognized. When recognition of an impairment loss is deemed necessary, the book value of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount based on an external real estate appraisal, etc., and the amount of the reduction is recognized as an impairment loss.

Future cash flows are determined through an overall consideration of market trends, examples of transactions involving similar properties, and other factors regarding rents, occupancy rates, leasing business expenses, as well as other factors that are considered when estimating future cash flows.

The rents, occupancy rates, leasing business expenses, etc. for each property may be affected by trends in the real estate leasing market, etc. Therefore, any changes in the assumptions used for estimates, including these, may affect ESCON REIT's asset and profit and loss status in the following fiscal period.

		(Unit: thousand yen)
	Previous fiscal period	Current fiscal period
	As of July 31, 2023	As of January 31, 2024
*1. Minimum amount of net assets provided for in Article 67, Paragraph	ph 50,000 55	
4 of the Act on Investment Trusts and Investment Corporations	50,000	50,000

[Notes to Statements of Income and Retained Earnings]

		(Unit: thousand yen)
	Previous fiscal period From February 1, 2023 to July 31, 2023	Current fiscal period From August 1, 2023 to January 31, 2024
*1. Description of income from real estate leasing operations		
A. Real estate leasing business revenue		
Leasing business revenue		
Lease revenue	1,061,916	1,059,025
Land lease revenue received	824,893	824,893
Common service fees	120,312	121,647
Other lease revenues	186,719	183,643
Total	2,193,842	2,189,210
Other leasing business revenues		
Utilities charges received	249,379	246,246
Other revenues	54,509	9,129
Total	303,889	255,375
Total real estate leasing business revenue	2,497,731	2,444,586
B. Real estate leasing business expenses		
Expenses related to leasing business		
Administrative expenses	216,963	213,958
Trust fees	9,177	9,177
Utilities charges	263,666	250,703
Non-life insurance premiums	10,457	11,037
Repair expenses	54,238	48,735
Taxes and public dues	217,391	217,363
Depreciation	183,285	187,527
Other leasing business expenses	79,761	9,306
Total expenses related to leasing business	1,034,941	947,809
C. Income from real estate leasing business (A - B)	1,462,790	1,496,776

(Changes in presentation methods)

"Insurance revenue" and "Compensation for damages" which were presented separately in the previous fiscal period, are included in "Other revenues" and "Other leasing business expenses" respectively in the current fiscal period since the amounts are not material to the financial statements.

42,366 thousand yen and 70,229 thousand yen, which were presented respectively in "Insurance revenue" and "Compensation for damages" in the previous fiscal period, has been reclassified to "Other revenues" and "Other leasing business expenses".

[Notes to Statements of Unitholders' Equity]

	Previous fiscal period	Current fiscal period	
	From February 1, 2023 to	From August 1, 2023 to	
	July 31, 2023	January 31, 2024	
Total number of investment units authorized	10,000,000 units	10,000,000 units	
Total number of investment units issued and outstanding	351,967 units	351,967 units	

[Notes to Statements of Cash Flows]

*1. Relationship between the ending balance of cash and cash equivalents and the amounts of items posted in the balance sheets

		(Unit: thousand yen)
	Previous fiscal period	Current fiscal period
	From February 1, 2023 to	From August 1, 2023 to
	July 31, 2023 January 31, 2024	
Cash and deposits	2,318,451	2,308,510
Cash and deposits in trust	3,354,221	3,461,980
Cash and cash equivalents	5,672,672	5,770,490

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[Notes to Lease Transactions]

Operating lease transactions (Lessor)

Future minimum lease revenues under existing non-cancelable lease agreements

		(Unit: thousand yen)
	Previous fiscal period As of July 31, 2023	Current fiscal period As of January 31, 2024
Within a year	2,309,580	2,212,256
Over a year	8,997,589	7,971,717
Total	11,307,170	10,183,974

[Notes to Financial Instruments]

1. Matters concerning the status of financial instruments

(1) Policies on financial instruments

ESCON REIT takes a balanced approach to raising funds through borrowings from financial institutions and the issuance of investment corporate bonds and investment units to contribute to the steady growth of assets under management as well as implementing an efficient and stable management style.

When taking out borrowings from financial institutions and issuing investment corporate bonds, ESCON REIT will take into account the balance between the flexibility of financing, the financial stability and the nature of the acquired real estate assets. Specifically, ESCON REIT will examine the financing methods, the ratio of long-term loans, the ratio of fixed interest rates, the diversification of repayment dates and the need to provide security, among other factors. When borrowing funds, lenders will be limited to the qualified institutional investors specified in the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act (however, limited to the institutional investors specified in Article 67-15 of the Act on Special Measures Concerning Taxation).

The issuance of new investment units will be determined based on the assessment of the current financial environment and taking into consideration the LTV, the dilution of rights of the existing unitholders and potential decline in the transaction price of investment units, with the aim of expanding the scale of assets under management and improving their profitability.

ESCON REIT may engage in derivative transactions to hedge the interest volatility and other risks arising from its liabilities, but not engage in speculative transactions.

(2) Description of financial instruments and associated risks, and the risk management system

Borrowings are taken out mainly for the purpose of raising funds to acquire assets and repay the borrowings. While the Company is exposed to risk of increasing interest rates on the borrowings upon refinancing and may not be able to refinance the borrowings, ESCON REIT works to mitigate the risks by diversifying the lenders, due dates and taking a balanced financing approach including the issuance of investment units. ESCON REIT also manages risks to its operation from rising interest rates through the close monitoring of fluctuations in interest rates and the appropriate control of LTV.

ESCON REIT enters into derivative transactions (interest rate swaps) to hedge the interest rate fluctuation risk of borrowings, to effectively fix interest paid on variable interest rate financing. For hedge accounting methods, hedge instruments and hedged items, hedge policy, and the method of evaluating hedge efficacy, please refer to "VII Notes on Matters Concerning Significant Accounting Policies 3. Hedge Accounting Methods" above.

For derivative transactions, risk management is conducted based on the Derivative Management Regulations stipulated by ESCON REIT.

(3) Supplementary explanation on matters concerning the fair value of financial instruments

Certain assumptions and other factors were used in calculating the fair value of financial instruments, and the results may differ due to different assumptions and other factors used in valuing the financial instruments. As described below in the "Notes on Derivative Transactions", contract amounts for derivative transactions do not in themselves indicate market risk associated with derivative transactions.

2. Matters concerning the fair value, etc. of financial instruments

Balance sheet amounts, fair value and the differences as of July 31, 2023 are as follows: Notes to "Cash and deposits" and "Cash and deposits in trust" are not disclosed since the fair value of these instruments approximates book value due to short term nature of these instruments. Fair value for "tenant lease and guarantee deposits in the trusts" have been omitted since the balances are not material to the financial statements.

			(Unit: thousand yen)
	Carrying value	Fair value *1	Difference
(1) Current portion of long-term borrowings	4,610,000	4,610,000	-
(2) Long-term borrowings	28,481,000	28,481,000	-
Total liabilities	33,091,000	33,091,000	-

Balance sheet amounts, fair value and their differences as of January 31, 2024 are as follows: Notes to "Cash and deposits" and "Cash and deposits in trust" are not disclosed since the fair value of these instruments approximates book value due to short term nature of these instruments. Fair value for "tenant lease and guarantee deposits in the trusts" have been omitted since the balances are not material to the financial statements.

			(Unit: thousand yen)
	Carrying value	Fair value ^{*1}	Difference
(1) Current portion of long-term borrowings	2,386,000	2,386,000	-
(2) Long-term borrowings	30,705,000	30,763,881	58,881
Total liabilities	33,091,000	33,149,881	58,881
(3) Derivative transactions	-	-	-

*1. The method used in calculating the fair value of the financial instruments and derivative transactions

(1) Current portion of long-term borrowings, (2) Long-term borrowings

The borrowings have variable interest rates and interest is adjusted to the current market rates and accordingly, the fair value of the borrowings should approximate the carrying value of the borrowings. For long-term borrowings with floating interest rates that meet the conditions for special treatment of interest rate swaps, the sum of the principal and interest accounted for as a single unit with the interest rate swap is discounted by applying a reasonably estimated interest rate from borrowings with similar terms.

(3) Derivative transactions

For details on derivative transactions, refer to "Notes on Derivative Transactions"

*2. Scheduled redemption of loans after the closing date (July 31, 2023)

(Unit: thousand					nit: thousand yen)	
	Within 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	3-4 years	4-5 years	Over 5 years
Long-term borrowings	4,610,000	5,273,000	10,684,000	7,559,000	4,965,000	-
Total	4,610,000	5,273,000	10,684,000	7,559,000	4,965,000	-

Scheduled redemption	of loans after the	closing date	(January 31, 2024)
Senedarea reachiption	or round arter the	crossing date	(sumary 51, 2021)

					(U	nit: thousand yen)
	Within 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	3-4 years	4-5 years	Over 5 years
Long-term borrowings	2,386,000	11,375,700	9,600,700	7,852,000	1,876,600	-
Total	2,386,000	11,375,700	9,600,700	7,852,000	1,876,600	-

[Notes to Securities]

Previous fiscal period	Current fiscal period
From February 1, 2023 to July 31, 2023	From August 1, 2023 to January 31, 2024
Not applicable.	Not applicable.

[Notes to Derivative transactions]

1. Transactions for which hedge accounting has not been applied

No applicable transactions for the previous fiscal period (July 31, 2023) and the current fiscal period (January 31, 2024).

2. Transactions for which hedge accounting has been applied.

No applicable transactions for the previous fiscal period (July 31, 2023).

The current fiscal period (January 31, 2024)

(Unit: thousand yen)						
Hedge	True of Derivative	Main Hadaad	Contract	Amount ¹		Fair Value
Accounting Method	Type of Derivative Transaction	Main Hedged item		Due after 1 year	Fair Value	Calculation Method
Special Treatment for Interest Rate Swaps	Interest Rate Swap Receive- floating/pay fixed	Long-Term Borrowings	1,876,600	1,876,600	*2	_
	Total		1,876,600	1,876,600		

*1. Contract amounts for interest rate swaps transactions are based on notional principal.

*2. Derivative transactions that are subject to special treatment for interest rate swaps are accounted for together with long-term borrowings that are the hedged items and the fair value is included in the fair value of those long-term borrowings.

[Notes to Retirement benefits]

Previous fiscal period	Current fiscal period
From February 1, 2023 to July 31, 2023	From August 1, 2023 to January 31, 2024
Not applicable.	Not applicable.

[Notes to Deferred Income Taxes]

1. Significant components of the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are as follows:

		(Unit: thousand yen)
	Previous fiscal period As of July 31, 2023	Current fiscal period As of January 31, 2024
(Deferred tax assets)		
Unpaid business tax not included in deductible expenses	2	3
Total deferred tax assets	2	3
(Net deferred tax assets)	2	3

2. Reconciliation of significant differences between the statutory tax rate and the effective tax rate after applying deferred income tax accounting (TT · 0/)

		(Unit: %)
	Previous fiscal period As of July 31, 2023	Current fiscal period As of January 31, 2024
Effective statutory tax rate	31.46	31.46
(Adjustments)		
Distribution payments included in tax deductible expenses	(31.44)	(31.44)
Others	0.04	0.04
Effective tax rate	0.06	0.06

[Notes to Equity Gains (Losses) of Affiliated Companies]

Previous fiscal period	Current fiscal period
From February 1, 2023 to July 31, 2023	From August 1, 2023 to January 31, 2024
Not applicable.	Not applicable.

[Notes to Transactions with Related Parties]

[Notes to Transactions with Related Parties]	
1. Parent company and major institutional investors	
Previous fiscal period (From February 1, 2023 to July 31, 2023)	
Not applicable.	
···· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Current fiscal period (From August 1, 2023 to January 31, 2024)	
Not applicable.	
2. Affiliated companies	
Previous fiscal period (From February 1, 2023 to July 31, 2023)	
Not applicable.	
Current fiscal period (From August 1, 2023 to January 31, 2024)	
Not applicable.	
3. Sibling companies	
Previous fiscal period (From February 1, 2023 to July 31, 2023)	
Not applicable.	
Current field and (August 1, 2022 to January 21, 2024)	
Current fiscal period (August 1, 2023 to January 31, 2024)	
Not applicable.	
4. Directors and major individual unitholders	
Previous fiscal period (From February 1, 2023 to July 31, 2023)	
Not applicable.	

Current fiscal period (From August 1, 2023 to January 31, 2024) Not applicable.

[Notes to Asset Retirement Obligations]

Previous fiscal period	Current fiscal period
From February 1, 2023 to July 31, 2023	From August 1, 2023 to January 31, 2024
Not applicable.	Not applicable.

[Notes to Real Estate for Lease]

ESCON REIT owns commercial facilities and real estate for lease, the principal use of which is leasehold land. The carrying value, changes during the period and fair value at the end of the period of these properties are as follows.

(Unit:	thousand	yen)	I
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		Previous fiscal period From February 1, 2023 to July 31, 2023	Current fiscal period From August 1, 2023 to January 31, 2024
	Balance at the beginning of the period	69,667,355	69,585,282
Carrying value ^{*1}	Changes during the period ^{*2}	(82,072)	(114,396)
	Balance at the end of the period	69,585,282	69,470,886
Fair Value at the end	of the period ^{*3}	72,713,900	72,780,200

*1. The carrying value includes the acquisition cost and incidental costs associated with the acquisition.

*2. Of the changes during the period, most of the increase of the previous fiscal period was mainly due to capital expenditures for certain properties, including tonarie Minami-senri etc. (101,213 thousand yen in total), while the decrease is mainly due to depreciation (183,285 thousand yen). The increase in the current fiscal period in mainly due to capital expenditures for certain properties, including tonarie Minami-senri etc. (73,131 thousand yen in total), while the decrease is mainly due to depreciation (187,527 thousand yen).

*3. The fair value at the end of the period was determined by outside real estate appraisers.

Profit and loss of real estate for lease are as described in "Notes to Statements of Income and Retained Earnings."

[Notes to Revenue Recognition]

1. Breakdown of revenue from contracts with customers

Previous fiscal period (From February 1, 2023 to July 31, 2023)

(Unit: thousand ven)

(Unit: thousand yon)

	Revenue from contracts with customers ^{*1}	Sales to external customers
Income from sales of real estate, etc.	-	-
Utilities charges received ^{*2}	249,379	249,379
Other	-	2,248,351
Total	249,379	2,497,731

*1. Leasing business income subject to Accounting Standards Board of Japan (ASBJ) Statement No. 13 "Accounting Standard for Lease Transactions" is not included in "Revenue from contracts with customers", since the accounting standard for revenue recognition does not apply to such income. Revenues from contracts with customers mainly include revenues from sales of real estate and utility charges.

*2. Utilities charges received are recorded as revenues based on the use of electricity, water and other utilities by the lessee and is in accordance with agreements with the lessee.

Current fiscal period (From August 1, 2023 to January 31, 2024)

		(**************************************
	Revenue from contracts with customers ^{*1}	Sales to external customers
Income from sales of real estate, etc.	-	-
Utilities charges received ^{*2}	246,246	246,246
Other	-	2,198,339
Total	246,246	2,444,586

*1. Leasing business income subject to ASBJ Statement No. 13 "Accounting Standard for Lease Transactions" is not included in "Revenue from contracts with customers", because the accounting standard for revenue recognition does not apply to such income. Revenues from contracts with customers mainly include revenues from sales of real estate and utility charges.

*2. Utilities charges received are recorded as revenues based on the use of electricity, water and other utilities by the lessee and is in accordance with agreements with the lessee.

2. Underlying information to understand the revenue from contracts with customers

Previous fiscal period (From February 1, 2023 to July 31, 2023)

As described in the Notes on matters concerning significant accounting policies.

Current fiscal period (From August 1, 2023 to January 31, 2024) As described in the Notes on matters concerning significant accounting policies.

3. Information about the relationship between the satisfaction of performance obligations under contracts with customers and cash flows from such contracts, and the amount and timing of revenue expected to be recognized in subsequent periods from the contracts with customers that exist at the end of the current fiscal period

		(Unit: thousand yen)
	Previous fiscal period	Current fiscal period
	From February 1, 2023 to July 31, 2023	From August 1, 2023 to January 31, 2024
Receivables from contracts with a customer (at the beginning of the period)	41,492	44,602
Receivables from contracts with a customer (at the end of the period)	44,602	43,596
Contract assets (balance at the beginning of period)	-	-
Contract assets (balance at the end of period)	-	-
Contract liabilities (balance at the beginning of period)	-	-
Contract liabilities (balance at the end of period)	-	-

(1) Balance of contract assets and contract liabilities

(2) Transaction prices allocated to remaining performance obligations

Not applicable.

For utility charges income, the Company recognizes revenues for the amount in accordance with paragraph 19 of the Guidance on Accounting Standard for Revenue Recognition since the Company is entitled to receive an amount from customers (lessees) which directly corresponds to the portion completed by the end of the period. Accordingly, the provisions of paragraph 80-22(2) of the Accounting Standard for Revenue Recognition have been applied and the transaction price allocated to the remaining performance obligations has not been included in the notes to transaction prices.

[Note to Segment Information]

(Segment information)

This information is omitted since ESCON REIT operates in a single segment of the real estate leasing business.

(Relevant information)

Previous fiscal period (From February 1, 2023 to July 31, 2023)

1. Information by product and service

This information is omitted since the same information is disclosed in the segment information.

2. Information by Region

(1) Net sales

Not applicable since there are no sales to external customers outside Japan.

(2) Property, plant, and equipment

Not applicable since there is no property, plant and equipment located outside Japan.

3. Information by major customer

Customer Name	Operating revenue	Related Segment Name
ES-CON JAPAN Ltd.*	1,508,309	Real estate leasing business

* ESCON REIT leases Asumigaoka Brand-New Mall, Nishi-Shiroi Ekimae Plaza, tonarie Minami-senri, tonarie Seiwadai, tonarie Yamatotakada (50% ownership), tonarie Toga Mikita, Yoshizuya Y Store Nishiharu and SUROY MALL Nagamine to ES-CON JAPAN under pass-through master lease agreement, and ES-CON JAPAN subleases these to sublessees.

Current fiscal period (From August 1, 2023 to January 31, 2024)

1. Information by product and service

This information is omitted since the same information is disclosed in the segment information.

2. Information by Region

(1) Net sales

Not applicable since there are no sales to external customers outside Japan.

(2) Property, plant, and equipment

Not applicable since there is no property, plant and equipment located outside Japan.

3. Information by major customer

(Unit: Thousand yen)

(Unit: thousand yen)

Customer Name	Operating revenue	Related Segment Name
ES-CON JAPAN Ltd.*	1,457,316	Real estate leasing business

* ESCON REIT leases Asumigaoka Brand-New Mall, Nishi-Shiroi Ekimae Plaza, tonarie Minami-senri, tonarie Seiwadai, tonarie Yamatotakada (50% ownership), tonarie Toga Mikita, Yoshizuya Y Store Nishiharu and SUROY MALL Nagamine to ES-CON JAPAN under pass-through master lease agreement, and ES-CON JAPAN subleases these to sublessees.

[Notes to Per Unit Information]

	Previous fiscal period	Current fiscal period	
	From February 1, 2023	From August 1, 2023	
	to July 31, 2023	to January 31, 2024	
Net assets per unit	111,507 yen	111,497 yen	
Net income per unit	3,239 yen	3,227 yen	

Net income per unit is calculated by dividing net income by the weighted average number of investment units based on the number of days during the period and rounded to the nearest whole number.

Diluted net income per unit is not stated because there are no dilutive investment units.

* The basis for calculating net income per unit is as follows:

		Previous fiscal period From February 1, 2023 to July 31, 2023	Current fiscal period From August 1, 2023 to January 31, 2024
Net income	(thousand yen)	1,139,850	1,135,862
Amount not attributable to common unitholders	(thousand yen)	-	
Net income for common investment units	(thousand yen)	1,139,850	1,135,862
Average number of investment units during the period	(Units)	351,967	351,967

[Notes to Significant Subsequent Events]

Not applicable.

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Directors ESCON JAPAN REIT Investment Corporation

<Audit of Financial Statements>

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of ESCON JAPAN REIT Investment Corporation (the Company), which comprise the balance sheet as of January 31, 2024, and the statements of income and retained earnings, unitholders' equity, cash dividend distributions, and cash flows for the six-month period then ended, and notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of January 31, 2024, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the six-month period then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in Japan.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in Japan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Japan, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other Information

The other information comprises information included in the Semiannual Report and excludes the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of the other information. The Supervisory Directors are responsible for overseeing the Executive Director's performance of their duties with regard to the design, implementation and monitoring of the reporting process in preparing the other information.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge based on our audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on our procedures, we conclude that there is a material misstatement in the other information, we are required to report any findings.

We have no findings to report on the other information.

Responsibilities of Management and Supervisory Directors for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in Japan, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern and disclosing matters related to going concern, as required by accounting principles generally accepted in Japan.

The Supervisory Directors are responsible for overseeing the Executive Director's performance regarding the design, implementation and maintenance of the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in Japan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.
- Consider internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for our risk assessments, while the purpose of the audit of the financial statements is not expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in Japan.

We communicate with the Executive Director regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Executive Director with a statement that we have complied with the ethical requirements regarding independence that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Japan, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied to reduce threats to an acceptable level.

<Fee-related Information>

Fees paid or payable to our firm and to other BDO member firms for audit and non-audit services provided to the Company are disclosed in "3. Matters Concerning Officers" included in "Overview of ESCON REIT" of the Semi-Annual Report.

Interest Required to Be Disclosed by the Certified Public Accountants Act of Japan

Our firm and its designated engagement partners do not have any interest in the Company which is required to be disclosed pursuant to the provisions of the Certified Public Accountants Act of Japan.

BDO Sanyu & Co. Osaka, Japan

April 25, 2024



Kenji Nishikawa Designated Engagement Partner Certified Public Accountant

雅弘

Masahiro Furushima Designated Engagement Partner Certified Public Accountant